

"Once More to the Front!"

New York Clothing House

CENTRE STREET—BRANCHES AT

Albuquerque and Deming

Bed Rock Prices

Our three houses carry an immense stock which enables us to defy all competition. We call especial attention to our bargains.

The Agents for Devlin & Co.

For suits to order in fifteen days. Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Also Agent for

Burt & Mear's Celebrated Hand-made Boots and Shoes.

Come one! come all!

Latest styles this Fall,

Our new House is open,

The fresh stock unbroken

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes

In any shape you choose,

None lower than our margin—

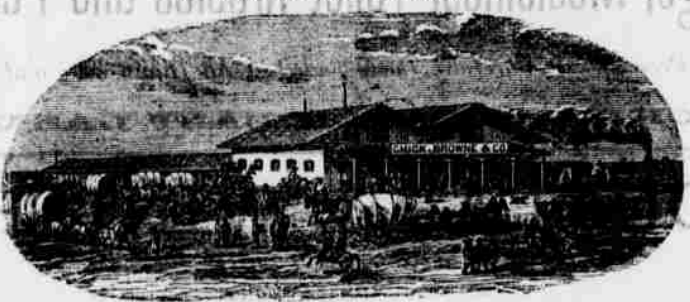
Go to the New York Clothing

House to Bargain.

Gardner & Gillies, Prop'r's

BROWNE & MANZANARES

LAS VEGAS AND SOCORRO, N. M.



Wool, Hides, Pelts, Etc., both here and in the Eastern Markets.

ROBERTS & WHELOCK

KEEP A COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND TINWARE

Plumbing Goods, Steam Fittings, Gas Fixtures, House Furnishing Goods.

Cornice Making a Specialty

DOUGLAS AVENUE, WEST OF ST. NICHOLAS.

A. R. AREY

MANUFACTURER OF

All Kinds MATTRESSES All Kinds

Bed Springs of all Kinds, Pillows of all Kinds,

Window Curtains of all Kinds,

Wholesale and Retail.

East Las Vegas, 3d Door West of St. Nicholas Hotel

DO YOU REALIZE

—THAT AT—

M. D. MARCUS

CENTRE STREET, is the Neatest, Nicest and Cheapest Assortment of

CLOTHING!

Do you comprehend that at M. D. Marcus, Centre Street, is a perfect collection of HEAVY FALL AND WINTER SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

DO YOU BELIEVE

That right here is the place where you can buy just what you want for less money than you pay for inferior goods elsewhere? We are prepared to PROVE. Permit us to show our goods and prices. We also keep the Largest Stock of Groceries, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, Call on

M. D. MARCUS

Centre Street,

East Las Vegas, - - - New Mexico

HOPPER BROS.

JOBBERS AND RETAILERS OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries

Boots Shoes and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Country Produce a Specialty. Special attention given to Mining and Railroad orders. All goods guaranteed first-class.

RAILROAD AVENUE,

East Las Vegas, New Mex.

HALF-WAY SAW MILL,

J. H. OVERHULLS, Proprietors,

Ten miles from Las Vegas, on the Gallinas

A SPLENDID ROAD

Planed and Unplaned Lumber of all Kinds Kept Constantly on Hand and

Stock Taken in Exchange for Lumber.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

A Day of Disastrous Fires and Other Casualties.

The Loss of Life by the Vienna Fire

Now Put at 1,000.

Twenty Lives Lost in a Burning Hotel in Pennsylvania.

Seven Men Victims of a Railway Collision in England.

The City of Chicago Visited by a \$500,000 Fire.

Three Hundred and Fifty Bills Already Introduced in the Senate.

The Secretary of the Treasury's Report Frightening Bullion Holders.

Hart, the Colored Pedestrian, Ahead in the Walk at Memphis.

A Mexico Desperado Kills a Score of Persons in One Day.

Two St. Louis Murderers Granted a Respite.

Sixteen Men Burned to Death.

Pittsburg, Dec. 10.—News of a terrible and shocking holocaust which occurred at this city, this morning about 3 o'clock by which sixteen men were burned to death and a large number fatally burned and injured, has been received here. The fire occurred in a boarding house in which nearly fifty workmen employed at Davis' dam were boarding.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

This morning's horror exceeds anything in this vicinity since the collision on the 25th. A frame boarding house, located on the line of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad some seven miles below this city, was set on fire by the explosion of a lamp, and of forty men known to be sleeping only twenty-four escaped alive, and they were all more or less burned, and not one of them succeeded in securing his clothes so that the progress of the flames. Others were literally roasted to death without the possibility of an effort being made to rescue them. The building in which the fire occurred, as stated above, was located about seven miles from the city, at Rock Cut. It was owned by Martin Joyner, a contractor, but was under the management of a Mr. Kenown and known as the boarding house. It was about thirty feet wide and fifty feet long, and constructed of sixteen foot boards placed on end. It had a board roof with a very steep pitch, and the roof formed by the sloping roof was the place in which the laborers were crowded for the night. In the lower story was a dining room and at the end of the building was the kitchen. The stairs leading to the loft were little better than a ladder and were located just outside of the door leading from the dining room to the kitchen. In the left bunk were arranged, but the only lights which penetrated were two openings without glass, but which were closed at night with sliding doors so as to keep out the cold night air. Into this dark loft some forty-three men were crowded to have slept last night. At least that number were at supper last evening and none were reported away from the hour for retiring camp. The origin of the flames was the upsetting and the cause was the explosion of a kerosene oil lamp.

The story as told by an eye-witness of the fire was substantially as follows: Between two and three o'clock this morning Mr. Kenown, the boarding house keeper, arose and kindled the kitchen fire. He left a lighted lamp on a table near the door leading to the dining room and went to arouse his wife and servant girls. While he was doing this the explosion occurred and in an instant the dining room was filled with flames. Mr. Kenown succeeded in escaping with his wife and girls but could not do more than call upon those upstairs to escape. In the lower story, on the other hand, the flames had enveloped the stairs, thus cutting off the doomed mob above except through the small openings at the other end and from those the sliding doors had to be removed.

The loft was filled with straw and combustible material used in bedding and only those nearest to the openings could make their exit. Twenty-three occupants of the rooms succeeded in escaping through the openings in the way, with their underclothing on fire or nude. Others rushed frantically about the rooms, first to one and then the other, their location being known by their cries, until the smoke suffocated them and their voices were stifled in less time than it takes to tell. The building was wrapped in sheets of fire and the survivors could only writhe and shiver in the frosty air of the early morning. As soon as possible word was sent to other boarding houses along the line of the work in progress and physicians were summoned from the neighborhood and city. A special engine was sent down the Pittsburg and Lake Erie road and in the meanwhile the shivering creatures were provided with such clothes as could be obtained. The seriously injured were brought to the depot in Southside and thence removed to the West Pennsylvania Hospital, while those who were less seriously injured were removed to the hotel of Martin Joyce on Pennsylvania avenue. The scenes this morning at the site of the ill-fated building were of a sickening character. In a heap in one corner of the ruins were the charred remains of six men who had evidently succumbed to the fire while endeavoring to escape through an opening in the roof.

Death of Gen. Banning.

Cincinnati, Dec. 10.—Gen. H. B. Banning, an ex-member of Congress from the Second District of Ohio, died suddenly and unexpectedly this morning. He has been suffering ill health several weeks.

A May Granted.

St. Louis, Dec. 10.—The supreme court granted a stay of execution until January 30th to the murderers, Michael J. Katschinsky and Charles Ellis, the latter colored.

Sutlin's addition.

Foreign.

London, Dec. 10, 1881.

LANDLEAGUERS ARRESTED.

Two prominent members of the Land League were arrested in Cork under the Coercion Act.

POSTPONED.

Hearing of the summons against Miss Reynolds the meeting of the Ladies Land League has been adjourned for a fortnight.

A FATAL COLLISION.

By a collision at Canshew, on the North London railroad to-day, seven persons were killed and more than 60 severely injured.

THE VIENNA FIRE.

A Vienna special says: On the arrival of fire brigade it was found impossible to penetrate beyond the first tier of the theatre, the rush of suffocating smoke and air extinguishing the lamps. The firemen, because their shouts were not answered, were under the momentary impression that there were no more people in the building. Those who escaped on first alarm, however, soon undeceived them. Another effort was made to throw the parties out of the theatre which were not only failing, but all the rest were dead. There were persons who had lost their way in consequence of the turning off the gas which is now ascertained was done by an irresponsible person with view to prevent an explosion. Some men were found grasping each others throat. Subsequently investigation showed in some cases persons, who, finding escape impossible, committed suicide. It is stated by survivors that they were seen to throw their children from the galleries into the pit at the time of the outbreak of the flames. The galleries allotted to ladies were full. Many are missing.

New York, Dec. 10.—A special from Vienna has the following additional details.

Vienna, Midnight.—The extent of the calamity has heretofore been much misunderstood. One thousand one hundred and thirty persons are announced at the police bureau as missing and assuming that many of these will turn up, it is not total loss will be less than one thousand persons. It is now thought probable that there were six hundred in the fourth gallery. The persons in the third row of the parquette perished. Some persons who anticipated the theatre a few minutes before the fire was discovered remarked at the time that comparatively few escaped. The theatre holds 2,000. Every place was occupied except the parquette and boxes, consequently the total loss may be estimated by the number of persons. Three hundred and sixty tickets were issued for the fourth gallery seats for the last night's performance and of these about fifty have been found. They had made their escape from the inside only to find death by suffocation in the passage way which had no exit.

About 2 o'clock the fourth gallery fell in and the firemen are carrying out of charred bodies without form and without the ability of recognition. Who these victims are will not be known until their relations have announced them as missing. To look at the bodies in the morgue tells more of the terrible death which the victims met than could be conveyed by any other means yet given. Some appear to have died from suffocation alone. Two beautiful girls are there with their faces scarcely discolored, looking as if they had merely fallen asleep. Another youthful female figure lies there, one charred stump of her neck remaining, while her body and lower extremities are untouched. The linen of her underclothing is as spotless as when on the afternoon of the fatal day she took her seat for the play. Her death is described easily: Caught in the dense surging crowd the flames descended upon them all, charring and consuming only the hands and the heads with the better of the bodies of the victims. Bodies show one arm uplifted as if struggling for freedom, while the other hand is clasped closely to the mouth to exclude the distressing breath of the fire. Others have met their end in the upper part of the bodies disfigure, while the feet and legs are charred off. Other victims are represented by trunk alone, the heads, feet and legs missing entirely. Those who were exposed to the flames are as dark as Africa. Their faces and features often faithfully preserved. In the narrow stairway between the second and third galleries the firemen discovered a confused mass of human bodies breathing together. The corpses taken out of the theatre were so many and so entwined, that it is not doubted that the unfortunate at last struggled and fought each other in order to gain the door. Three of the corpses could not be separated and were borne away together.

The scenes descriptive of the bodies awaiting recognition in various places are too fearful to repeat. Many of the dead appear to be ladies met in the hall, on the fingers of one are brilliant diamonds. Most of the bodies are simply without human shape. On many the legs, arms and hands are wanting. Outside the burning theatre wives are seeking their husbands, children looking for their parents and parents for their children. The immense crowd stood silent as death watching the flames. The telegraph office, only two minutes walk away from the fire, was crowded with persons who had escaped and in informed friends and relations of their safety to allay fears. Many Americans were calling home that they were among the living.

The generally accepted theory of the origin of the fire is the accidental upsetting of a small lamp which set fire to one of the side scenes and the flames extended quickly. The Emperor has telegraphed for full details to be sent to Godall. Subscriptions have been opened by the Vienna papers for the relief of sufferers.

Further inquiries as to the origin of the fire at the theatre, established the fact that the people entrusted with the duties of firemen on the stage ran off frightened at the first blaze, one even running head-long from the fly to the stage floor, and another who had charge of the gas, thinking that an explosion had occurred, or would occur, turned off the gas at the meter, plunging the theatre into total darkness until it became illuminated with the blaze of the conflagration. The reserve of petroleum lamps placed in the theatre six months before by order of the police had not been lighted on this occasion and probably had never been lighted since the first night of the order. There was a fire gauge curtain ready to be let down in each case of emergency and supposed to be managed by a special mechanic well trained in his duty.

A Heavy Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—The four-story brick warehouse of D. M. Osborne & Co., on South Morgan street, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. The alarm was sounded about 4 o'clock but the flames had gained such headway that it was impossible for the fire department to subdue them. The building was filled with reapers and machinery on which there was an insurance of \$100,000. The building itself was insured for \$300,000. The loss on the stock was \$280,000, and on the building \$46,000. The loss is total, but there were no casualties connected with it. The cause of the fire is unknown. For some months the firm had employed no watchman. The building was an extensive one. It occupied Nos. 600 to 601 Morgan street.

The Tariff Question.

New York, Dec. 10.—The Post's Washington correspondent says: K. Sparks, a Democrat from Illinois, says there will be a sharp agitation on the tariff question. Exactly what shape the agitation will take has not yet appeared but it is coming, and when it breaks, there may be time at least for a serious division in what has been the Democratic party. He presumed that a new school of protectionist Democrats would make trouble, but the free traders were going to make a square open fight and trust to the future to show the wisdom of their boldness. He believed that Illinois would approve a revenue tariff reform movement by a 600 majority, but the free traders were going to make a square open fight and trust to the future to show the wisdom of their boldness. He believed that Illinois would approve a revenue tariff reform movement by a 600 majority, but the free traders were going to make a square open fight and trust to the future to show the wisdom of their boldness.

A Political Leader.

New York, Dec. 10.—A special from Brownsville, Texas, says: Isabel Almes, a noted political magnate at Chamamero, Mexico, has just committed a wholesale butchery. Going to a ranch he commenced to beat the women there savagely and one Guadalupe Sopala who interfered was killed by the infuriated desperado. He had been visited he shot and wounded no less than seventeen people before his career was checked.

Frightened Bullion Holders.

New York, Dec. 10.—The Commercial Advertiser's Washington special says: The owners of silver bullion have apparently become frightened at the recommendation of Secretary Folger and Director of the Mint to pay fifty cents of all the indebtedness in cash credits would come forward and sign a contract to accept the same in full is declared off as creditors representing thirty-nine thousand dollars refused to sign the contract within the time specified.

Declared Off.

San Francisco, December 10.—A Tucson dispatch says the proposition of H. B. Clafflin & Co., of New York, to take the assets of Lord & Williams and pay fifty cents of all the indebtedness in cash credits would come forward and sign a contract to accept the same in full is declared off as creditors representing thirty-nine thousand dollars refused to sign the contract within the time specified.

John W. Forney.

Philadelphia, December 10.—The coffin containing the remains of John W. Forney will be borne to the grave Monday noon by General W. S. Hancock, Congressman W. D. Kelly, General D. E. Sykes, ex-Speaker Randall, ex-Congressman E. B. Hart, Congressman Andrew G. Carlin, Colonel A. McClure, George W. Childs, Daniel Dougherty and Louis C. Cassidy.

The Walk at Memphis.

Memphis, Dec. 10.—The score stood 2-1 in Hart's favor, 247, 247, Hartman 248, Schmel 218.

Capital Items.

WASHINGTON, December 10.—Secretary Hunt will leave here to-night for Boston where he has been summoned by the sudden illness of his father-in-law.

SENATE BILLS.

The number of bills introduced in the Senate during the four days session is 850 which is nearly as many as were introduced in the body during the entire third session of the last Congress.

One Senator has introduced thirty-three bills since last Monday. A large proportion of measures introduced thus far are copies of private introduced bills that heretofore have failed to receive final action.

The bill introduced in the Senate by Vest for the improvement of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers provides for the expenditure of ten million dollars under the direction of the engineer corps of the army, one-half of the amount upon the Mississippi, in accordance with plans already recommended. The bill also authorizes the Attorney-General to institute proceedings in the United States courts having jurisdiction for the appropriation of land and material necessary for perfecting the work, the land and material so appropriated to be duly appraised and paid for.

The Lord's Prayer.

Did you ever think, short though it is, how much there is in it? Oh, it is beautiful! Like a diamond in the crown of a queen, it shines a thousand sparkling gems in one.

It teaches all of us, every one of us, to look to God as our parent—Our Father.

It prompts us to raise our thoughts and desires above the earth—Who art in Heaven.

It tells us that we must reverence our Heavenly Father—Hallowed be Thy name.

It breathes the saints' reward—Thy Kingdom come.

And a submissive, obedient spirit—Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven.

And a dependent, trusting spirit—Give us this day our daily bread.

And a forgiving spirit—Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us.

And a cautious spirit—Deliver us from evil.

And last of all, adoring spirit—For thine is the kingdom, and the power, and the glory, forever and ever. Amen.

Fighting Bees.

According to Mr. Volk, the sculptor, who took the Lincoln life mask, picture in the December Century, Old Abe had decided preferences as to preachers.

He said: "I don't like to hear cut and dried sermons. No—when I hear a man preach I like to see him act as if he were fighting bees!" And he extended his long arm at the same time suiting his action to the words.

Capt. Stark yesterday received a card of corn and still there is more to follow. Go to him for forage for your horse.

CHURCH SERVICES.

M. E. CHURCH (South.)

Rev. W. W. Welsh will conduct services at Milligan's Hall, East Side, at 7 o'clock p. m. The Southern Methodist church for Las Vegas will be organized in the evening and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon a Sunday school will be organized. Rev. W. T. Williams, who has arrived from Virginia to take charge of the new church, will aid in the services.

METHODIST.

Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7 o'clock p. m. Rev. R. W. Kistler is expected to preach in the morning. Subject of the evening's discourse, by the pastor, "Answer to the Nation's Prayer."

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. Stephen Smith, the pastor, will conduct the morning service at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Morning service at 11 o'clock. Preaching by Rev. W. T. Williams, of the M. E. Church, South. Evening service at 7 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. J. C. Eastman. Sunday at 9:45 a. m.

SPANISH PRESBYTERIAN.

Services at 2 o'clock p. m., in the Spanish language, by Rev. L. Vargas. Citizens will all be made welcome.

BAPTIST.

Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Coheurner. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Chapel on Sixth street, near St. Nicholas hotel. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers in the city.

Dr. Pettijohn is building a handsome residence at the Hot Springs. It is 25 feet wide by 40 feet deep and two stories high. The inside of the house is conveniently arranged, nearly all the rooms on the lower floor, being connected by large folding doors, so that in case of receptions or social gatherings of any kind, the entire first floor can be made as one room.

Enterprise and Thrift.

We would call especial attention to the advertisement of the Swift Specific Company, to be found in this issue. We learn that the company have recently erected costly and improved machinery, by which their capacity for the manufacture of their wonderful Blood Remedy known as S. S. has been more than doubled. The company is composed of some of our most reliable and enterprising citizens, and from the long array of testimonials from the most reliable people in different parts of the country, the remedy seems to be a specific for all such diseases as Catarrh, Eczema, Scrofula, Rheumatism and an antidote or eradicator of Mercury from the system—in fact, a cure for any disease originating from a disordered condition of the blood. It is with pleasure that we note, in connection with their increased capacity for the manufacture of S. S., that they have reduced the price of the regular size to \$1.75 per bottle, and from now on out a small size holding half the amount, \$1.00.

This is a move in the right direction, and places S. S. within the reach of all sufferers.—Atlantic (Ga.) Constitution, Oct. 23, 1881.

Santa Claus, 1881.

On the 15th inst. I will show on the second floor of my store building the largest stock of toys and Christmas goods ever brought to Las Vegas.

ISIDOR STERN,

West Las Vegas.

Groceries for Las Vegas.

Bennett & Co. have opened a large stock of groceries in same room with California meat market on Sixth street. A full line of canned goods, teas, baking powder, spices, flour, crackers, but ter, eggs and vegetables. Go there for anything you want.

Mrs. J. B. Baker & Co. have just received a full lot of Christmas toys, mirrors at a bargain. Inquire at the Delmonico restaurant, East Las Vegas.

For SALE—A lot of good horses and mules. For particulars call at the Exchange corner, west of the Plaza.

For SALE—W. J. Colvin has a lot of good horses for sale at the Exchange corner.

For SALE—Native shingles can be found at Mr. Blanchard's store, on the plaza, at wholesale price.

MEKINO BUCKS—100 for sale cheap. Apply to Blyth Brothers & Co., Glen Morn Ranch, Watrous.

For SALE—Canary birds, singly or in pairs. Apply to Mrs. Potter on the street back of the National Hotel.

For SALE—1000 cedar posts. Apply to GEORGE HOSK, or at Lockhart's store.

For RENT—Furnished rooms. Apply to Mrs. Judge Hubbell opposite GAZETTE office.

For RENT—Barns Hall, for bulls, parties, entertainments, lectures, etc. For terms apply to Will C. Burton, Agent and Manager.

ROCO AMELIO,

Dealer in

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND NOTIONS.

BEST NATIVE WINE

Always on Hand

SOUTH SIDE, Opp. 1st NAT'L BANK

Say! Do you know that Bennett & Co. keep first class staple and fancy groceries?

Why! Where did you get such nice butter? At Bennett & Co.'s, of course.

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